## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0018] These and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon consideration of the following description of the preferred embodiments of the present invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0019] FIG. 1 shows a conventional flat touchpad;

[0020] FIG. 2 shows a conventional curved touchpad;

[0021] FIG. 3 is a perspective diagram showing a touchpad according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

[0022] FIG. 4 is a perspective diagram showing a touchpad according to a second embodiment of the present invention;

[0023] FIG. 5 is a perspective diagram showing a touchpad according to a third embodiment of the present invention:

[0024] FIG. 6 shows a cross-sectional view of the touch-pad illustrated in FIG. 3;

[0025] FIG. 7 shows a cross-sectional view of the touch-pad illustrated in FIG. 4;

[0026] FIG. 8 shows a cross-sectional view of the touch-pad illustrated in FIG. 5;

[0027] FIG. 9 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 3;

[0028] FIG. 10 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 4;

[0029] FIG. 11 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 5;

[0030] FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view showing a touchpad according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention;

[0031] FIG. 13 is a cross-sectional view showing a touchpad according to a fifth embodiment of the present invention:

[0032] FIG. 14 is a cross-sectional view showing a touchpad according to a sixth embodiment of the present invention;

[0033] FIG. 15 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 12;

[0034] FIG. 16 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 13;

[0035] FIG. 17 is a diagram showing the pressing of a key on the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 14;

[0036] FIG. 18 shows a top view of a touchpad according to the present invention;

[0037] FIG. 19 shows a curved touchpad according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[0038] FIG. 20 is a diagram showing the relationship between the amount of deformation of a cover and the variance in capacitance generated by a sensor;

[0039] FIG. 21 is a diagram showing the gluing of the covering to a sensor;

[0040] FIG. 22 is a diagram showing the screwing of the covering onto a sensor; and

[0041] FIG. 23 is a diagram showing the insertion of the covering into a sensor.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0042] FIGS. 3 to 5 are perspective diagrams showing three embodiments of touchpads. In the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 3, a sensor 10 is provided thereon with a cover 14 having twelve key regions 16 thereon, each key region 16 having a projecting structure thereon with a thickness D. In the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 4, a cover 18 provided over a sensor 10 is provided with twelve key regions 20, each having a recessed structure thereon, and is provided with a thickness D at the center of this recessed structure. In the touchpad illustrated in FIG. 5, over a sensor 10, there is provided with a cover 22 with a thickness D, having twelve key regions 24 presented as a flat structure thereon. The key region herein is referred to as a region on the cover, used as a key for a user to operate, corresponding to a region of the sensor desirably achieving the function of virtual key. When the pressing of the key region provided by an object is detected by the sensor, a key signal is generated accordingly.

[0043] FIGS. 6 to 8 are cross-sectional views of the touchpads illustrated in FIGS. 3 to 5. The covers 14, 18, and 22 are all deformable insulators, which may deform under the compression of external force. Referring to FIGS. 9 to 11, provided that the key region is pressed by a finger, the cover 14, 18, 22 may deform in the pressed key region 26, 28, 30, correspondingly, in such a way that the finger may approach the sensor 10, and the key signal may be then generated. The cover 14, 18, 22 may restore when the finger is released, as illustrated in FIGS. 6 to 8. The sensation of pressing and releasing the key may be provided for a user, owing to the feedback sensation generated from the deformation of the cover 14, 18, 22 to the user. In the meanwhile, the action of pressing and releasing the key provided by the user may be received by the sensor 10, equally due to this deformation.

[0044] FIGS. 12 to 14 are cross-sectional views of touchpads according to other embodiments of the present invention. Between the sensor 10 and cover 14, there is provided with a support member 32 with recesses 34, each having a thickness D, underneath the key regions 16, as shown in FIG. 12. Between the sensor 10 and cover 18, there is provided with a support member 32 with recesses 34, each having a thickness D, underneath the key regions 20, as shown in FIG. 13. Similarly, between the sensor 10 and covering 22, there is provided with a support member 32 with recesses 34, each having a thickness D, underneath the key regions 24, as shown in FIG. 14. As a finger presses the key region, as shown in FIGS. 15 to 17, the cover 14, 18, and 22 may deform in the pressed key region 36, 38, and 40 so as to stuff into the recess 34, in such a way that the finger may be allowed to approach the sensor, and the key signal may be generated accordingly. As the finger releases, the covers 14, 18, and 22 may restore, as shown in FIGS. 12 to 14. In these three embodiments, the support member is an insulator, while the covers 14, 18, and 22 may be an insulator or a conductor. In some embodiments, the support member is thin without recess underneath the key region, simply providing the effect in protecting the sensor.